Welcome

Cheryl – Apprenticeships

Jim Carlsberg - University of East Anglia

Key Info For 6th Form Parents

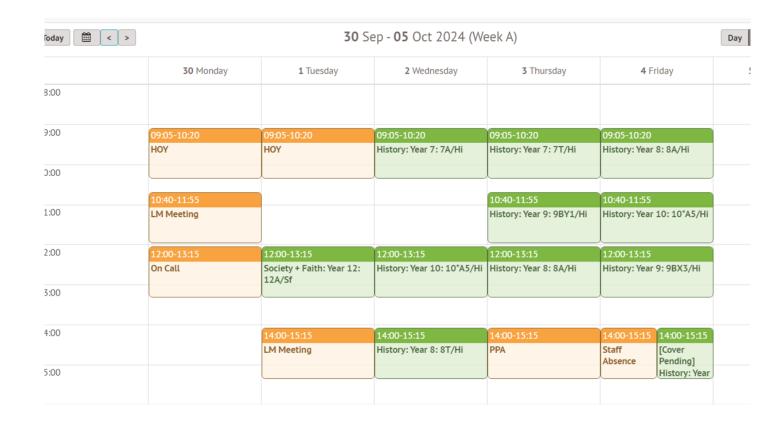
What's changed and what has stayed the same...

Key staff in St Alban's 6th Form

- **Mr Mirshemirani** (Assistant Headteacher / Head of 6th Form) oversees curriculum,
- Rosie Gage is our Study Support who also oversees attendance
 - STA6thformattendance@stalbans-staff.org
- Mr Arthur (Deputy Head of 6th Form) Pastoral Support and Bursary
- Vicki Farrow General Inquiries
 - STASixthform@stalbans-staff.org
- Ms Shemming Apprenticeships, Internships and Careers

The School Day

- 8.45 15.15
- Off-site at break and lunch
- Flexible Study once earned
- School Lanyards
- ISA Periods and Frees



The Curriculum

- Smaller classes
- More intensive study
- Opportunity
- ALPs target grades (top 25%)



High Standards

- Final steps towards adulthood
- Privileges and responsibility
- Individualised Learning Plan
- Friday Check-in



attendance MATERS

The Year Ahead!

Leadership Opportunities

Work Experience EPQ Curriculum
Begins

PPEs (Mock Assessments)

Community Work

Flexible Study
Privilege

University Applications RAG Week and Competitions

Subject Trips and Visits

Study like you mean it...

And succeed

General principles

- Start early and have a deep understanding of the work you have covered over the last two years.
- Write a revision timetable.
- Mix up your revision methods.
- Practice past exam papers.
- Collaborate with classmates.



1. Terminology Table

At the heart of the deeper understanding you have gained of your subject at post-16 is understanding of key concepts.

At this stage you should have a welath of key terms which cover the two years of learning. How many of these can you list on one piece of paper in 5 minutes?



2. Flashcards

Memory expert, **Dr Loaiza**, says her tip is to make flashcards rather than just re-reading your notes. This will help you practise remembering the information – just as you will need to do during the exam.

Remember that cards are two-sided – you can use both sides for questions and answers, key words and definitions, concepts and linked ideas, etc.



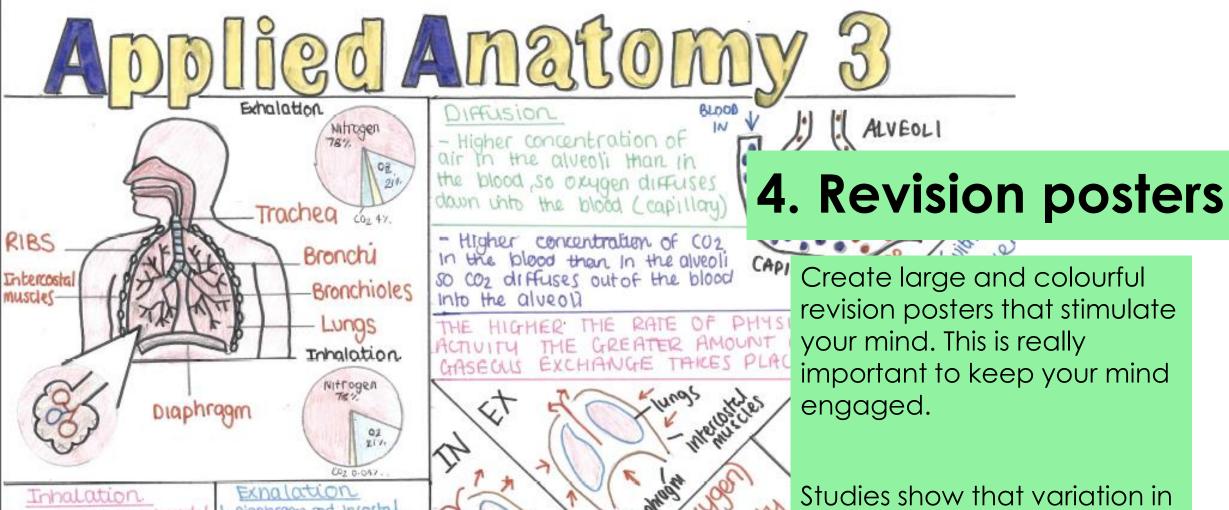
3. Chunking

Breaking your work into smaller chunks might work well for you. Some people who experiences sensory overload when revising find this a useful way of working.

Take time to divide up key elements of your topics, rather than just reading the whole lot in one go.

Remember also that each subject has units, and each unit has smaller topics.





Chas

mterioste,

Studies show that variation in

colour, font and presentation can support memory and help the brain categorise information.

· Diaphragm and Intercostal contract

· Diaphroom Flattens and pulls lungs down

3. Intercostal pull the ribs and theretore lungs out.

- Lungs Increase in Size and dir pressure is reduced.

5. His pressure out the

Diaphragm and Incostal

2. Diaphragam moves up Into a dome shape

3. Relaxed intercestal muscles allows ribs and lungs to move Sprewni

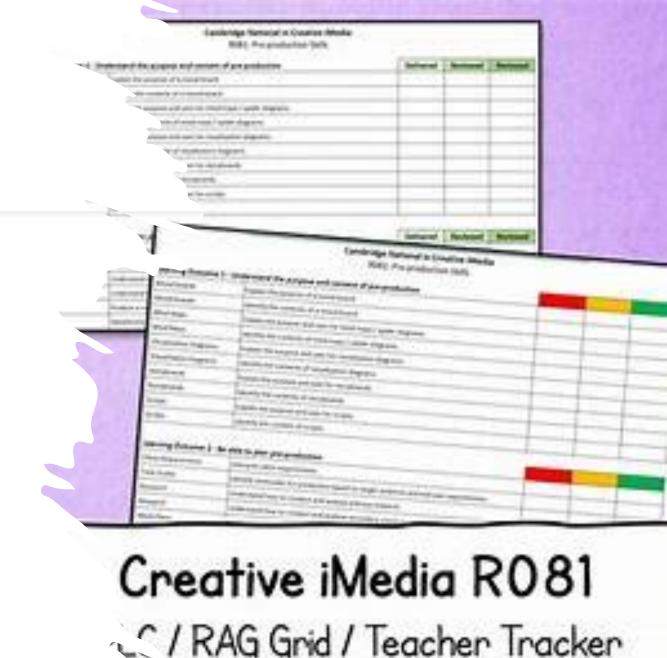
4. Lunas reduce in size and air pressure in lungs MCLEGES.

5. Air pressure is now lower outside than Inside body is now higher than the body. Air travels high

5. Track your revision

For each topic you have studied, you need to consider, and keep a record of:

- How much time you have dedicated to it
- How confident you feel in it
- How well you remember each aspect
- How you perform in practice questions



6. Practice recall

It is **really** important to be able to recall key ideas for an exam.

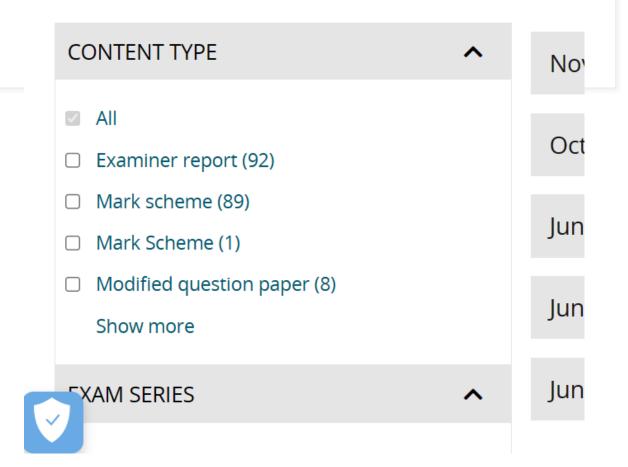
Some students use a technique called: look, say, cover, write, check, which essentially means that you look over the content, cover over it, you say it out loud, you write it down and then you check it. Active revision techniques like this can help you solidify information in your head.



7. Know your examiner

There are normally three important types of documents exam boards produce, and they are always available on the website:

- Past papers these should be a significant part of your revision, allowing you to practice regularly
- Mark schemes these will help you understand exactly what examiners are looking for
- **Examiners Reports** the most underrated resource these are the examiners' findings each year, detailing what students get right and wrong in particular exams



Key Dates

- First Assessment Grades November
- Parents' Evening 23rd April
- End of Year Exams June 23rd 27th